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# UNCLAIMED DEPOSITS POLICY

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# 1. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Council" means a municipal Council established in section 18 of the Municipal Structures
  Act and referred to in section 157(1) of the Constitution.
- 2. "creditor" means a person to whom money is owed to by the municipality.
- 3. "customer" means any person comprising:
  - a) resident of the municipality;
  - b) ratepayer of the municipality;
  - c) any civic organization involved in the municipality; and/or
  - d) any visitor or other people who make use of services or facilities provided by the municipality.
- 4. "primary bank account" means a bank account referred to in section 8(1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act.
- 5. "register" means the official register kept to receipt all unclaimed deposits.
- 6. "municipality" means the Tswelopele Local Municipality established in terms of section 155 of the Constitution.
- 7. "unallocated deposits" means deposits made by consumers which remains unallocated to the consumer's account due to lack of proper references or documentation.

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1. <u>In terms of Section 64 (2) (e) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, Act 56 of 2003; "the municipality has and maintains a management, accounting and information system which:</u>
  - i. recognises revenue when it is earned;
  - ii. accounts for debtors; and
  - iii. accounts for receipts of revenue;"
- 2. Unclaimed monies/deposits is a challenge faced by the municipality where <u>is deposited into</u> the Municipal Primary Bank Account <u>of the Municipality</u> or <u>payments</u> which cannot be identified nor are claimed by any Consumer or Creditor of the municipality.

- 3. Money is unclaimed for various reasons and commonly arise amongst other things from the following:
  - Money deposited into the municipal primary bank account without any reference or documentary proof.
  - b) Amounts/deposits payable to consumers or creditors which were either not claimed or banked.
  - c) Creditors/consumers are unaware of their legal right to the monies.
  - d) Cannot be identified and allocated to an account or vote.
  - e) Deposits paid for utilization of facilities not claimed by customer.

## 2. OBJECTIVES OF THE POLICY

- 1. The objectives of the Unclaimed Deposits policy are to:
  - a. Ensure correct recognition or identification of each transaction in order to reflect the substance of each transaction and to ensure the municipality maintains a sound accounting system.
  - b. To provide a framework on how to deal with unknown <u>deposits</u> or unclaimed monies in the Municipality's Primary Bank Account.
  - c. To reduce the liability of the municipality (in cases where there material amounts relating to unidentified deposits).
  - d. To provide guidelines to identify unidentified deposits in the municipal primary bank account.

## 3. BACKGROUND

- 1. When services are paid over, some Consumers do not fill in their account numbers (<u>as a</u> reference) for identification and do not document their contact details. As a result the municipality has difficulties in allocating those deposits to relevant consumer accounts.
  - 1.1. Firstly during billing the following transactions are processed correctly.

Dr Debtors (Consumer account)

Cr Revenue (Services)

1.2. When consumers pay their accounts without filling in the correct reference numbers the following is processed in the municipality's records.

Dr Bank (Money received)

Cr Unknown deposits (can't be traced)

- 2. The result is that the municipality has unknown (unallocated) deposits increasing as well as the outstanding consumer accounts, (i.e. an increasing number of consumers in arrears although they have paid). This means our debtors <u>maybe</u> <u>mistated</u> together with creditors/liabilities.
  - 2.1. The municipality normally requests the bank to provide the additional information to allocate the amounts where possible. Usually the municipality still can't allocate the money and most of the money has been in the unknown / unallocated deposits account for a long time.
  - 2.2. Deposits that remain unallocated and not claimed within a three (3) year period of time will be written off to accumulated surplus because of the following;
    - 2.3. GRAP 1 (Presentation of Financial Statements) par. 21 states that financial statements shall present fairly the financial position, financial performance and cash flow of an entity. Fair presentation requires the faithful representation of the effect of transactions, other events and conditions in accordance with the definitions and recognition criteria for assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses set out in the framework for the preparation and presentation of financial statements.
    - 2.4. Therefore the definition of liability should be applied to ensure that the policy is consistent with the reporting framework for the municipality.

- 2.5. Liabilities are present obligations of the municipality arising from past events, the settlement of which is expected to result in an outflow from the municipality resources embodying economic benefits or service potential.
- 2.6. In this case municipality will either refund the consumers or allocate the amount to consumer account which will result in decrease in debtors (Assets).
- 2.7. Recognition criteria state that it should be probable that economic benefit will flow out of the municipality.
- 2.8. The municipality has determined that based on past experience and based on good practice that deposits over a period of three (3) years won't be queried by the consumers or be refunded

#### 4. LEGISLATIVE FRAMEWORK

- 1. Local Government Municipal Finance Management Act, 56 of 2003.
- 2. Generally Recognised Accounting Practice

## 5. IDENTIFICATION OF UNCLAIMED MONIES

- Unclaimed Direct Deposit is any amount of money legally paid into the municipal primary bank account (usually for the services rendered by the municipality) without any reference or documentary proof on how the money should be allocated and that remains unclaimed for a period of three (3) months.
- Unclaimed Deposit is any amount of money legally paid by a customer as security for municipal services for the use of facilities which have not been claimed within a period of three (3) months.
- 3. Unclaimed Moneys are any amounts of money legally payable to a creditor and that have not been claimed or banked within a period of <a href="mailto:three">three</a> (3) months.

## 6. REGISTER OF UNALLOCATED DEPOSITS

- 1. After all processes to identify the Unallocated Deposits have been exhausted and the period as mentioned in this policy has expired, all unclaimed and/or unallocated deposits will be receipted in a register kept by the municipality.
- 2. The register will be maintained and updated regularly and be kept for a period of three (3) vears.
- 3. After the unclaimed and/or unallocated monies have been deposited in the register the rightful owner thereof can claim the money within a period of three (3) years from date the money was deposited or become unclaimed subject to original documentary proof being provided by the claimant/customer of the money.
- 4. The value of unclaimed monies and/or unallocated direct deposits will be recognized as a liability in the financial statements of the municipality.

#### 7. UNCLAIMED MONEY TO BE RECOGNISED AS OTHER REVENUE

- Any Unknown Deposits will be temporarily posted to the Cash Suspense Account (or an account of similar nature and description). These amounts must be traced to deposits or remittances and must be followed up by contacting the payee or bank where applicable, to verify for what or from whom the payment was received.
- 2. Unallocated Deposits in the Cash Suspense Account should be traced as to its origin, the details of the Depositor and journalised to the correct accounts. Debtors/Ratepayers/Customers are notified and requested to include account numbers on deposit slips when paying by internet banking and specific reference when payment is made to ensure that the Unidentified Deposits reduces.
- 3. When deposits are received without adequate <u>reference number or</u> supporting documentation or explanation, the amounts are posted to the Cash Suspense Account. It is the responsibility of <u>Municipal Employees</u> to investigate and clear each item <u>(as far as information/supporting documentation is available)</u> and the following procedures are followed:
  - a. All Unidentified Credits (receipts) should be recorded in a suitable register to facilitate future claims against the amount and followed up; and

- b. Balance the unidentified receipts register to the cash suspense account in the General Ledger on a monthly basis.
- 4. Should unclaimed money/deposits not be claimed within the period of three (3) years, the monies will be written off from the register and be receipted as revenue in that financial year. The following process must be followed before any monies are receipted as revenue:
  - a) Placement of an advert in the media in terms of section 21(1)(a) and section 21(1)(b) of the Systems Act, 32 of 2000 that it will lie open for public inspection giving notice in this regard;
  - b) such Register of Unallocated Deposits must lie open for inspection for a period of one
     (1) month from the date of publication;
  - c) the Register will be made available for inspection at the main municipal buildings <u>/</u> municipal offices and the municipality's website:
  - d) the Prescribed Form must be completed with documentary proof should any money be claimed by a Customer or Creditor; and
  - e) after the <u>one (1) month publication period</u> of inspection, a report will be submitted to Council for notification on the Unclaimed Money/Deposits to be written off from the register and be transferred to other revenue.
  - f) At any given time when the Municipal Manager has complied with the contents and procedures entailed in this policy, the Allocated Deposits maybe transferred from the Suspense Account to Revenue (given that Council would have approved this policy) and a notification report shall be sent to Council at a reasonable period thereafter.
  - g) Every two-years the municipality must run an advert in the newspaper requesting consumers to come and claim their money.

## 8. REVIEW

1. This policy will be reviewed as follows:

- a. annually (should the need arise for review).
- b. when there is change in legislation (which directly affects the implementation of this policy).
- c. When there is a change necessitated by the generally recognised accounting practice.
- d. when the operating requirements of the municipality changes.

## 9. SHORT TITLE AND COMMENCEMENT

1. This policy shall be called "Tswelopele Local Municipality Unclaimed Deposits Policy" and shall commence from the date of approval or date of amendment by Municipal Council.